| Job Title           | Probation/Pretrial Services Officer | CL-28 |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| Occupational Group* | Professional Line                   |       |

## **Job Summary**

By statute, probation and pretrial services officers serve in a judiciary law enforcement position and assist in the administration of justice and promote community safety, gather information, supervise offenders/defendants, interact with collateral agencies, prepare reports, conduct investigations, and present recommendations to the court. Probation and pretrial services officers must carry at least a 50 percent caseload, spending at least 50 percent of their time working with defendants and/or offenders. Officers may guide the work of probation/pretrial services officer assistants and other staff. Officers perform duties that involve general pretrial services or probation cases.

# **Representative Duties**

- Conduct investigations and prepare reports for the court with recommendations, which requires
  interviewing offenders/defendants and their families, as well as collecting background data from
  various sources. An integral part of this process is the interpretation and application of policies and
  procedures, statutes, Federal Rules of Criminal Procedures, and may include U.S. Sentencing
  Guidelines, Monographs, and relevant case law. Track legal developments, and update staff and
  the court.
- Enforce court-ordered supervision components and implement supervision strategies. Maintain
  personal contact with defendants and offenders through office and community contacts and by
  telephone. Investigate employment, sources of income, lifestyle, and associates to assess risk and
  compliance. Address substance abuse, mental health, domestic violence, and similar problems and
  implement the necessary treatment or violation proceedings, through assessment, monitoring, and
  counseling.
- Investigate and analyze financial documents and activities and take appropriate action. Interview victim(s) and provide victim impact statements to the court. Ensure compliance with *Mandatory Victims Restitution Act*. Responsible for enforcement of location monitoring conditions ordered by the court, and in some districts may perform location monitoring reintegration on behalf of the Bureau of Prisons.
- Review and resolve disputed issues involving offenders/defendants and present unresolved issues
  to the court for resolution. Assess offenders'/defendants' level of risk and develop a blend of risk
  management strategies for controlling and correcting risk.
- Communicate with other organizations and persons (such as the U.S. Parole Commission, Bureau of Prisons, law enforcement, treatment agencies, and attorneys) concerning offenders'/defendants' behavior and conditions of supervision. Identify and investigate violations and implement appropriate alternatives and sanctions. Report violations of the conditions of supervision to the appropriate authorities. Prepare written reports of violation matters, and make recommendations for disposition. Testify at court or parole hearings. Conduct Parole Commission preliminary interviews. Guide the work of staff providing administrative and technical assistance to officers.
- Schedule and conduct drug use detection tests and DNA collection of offenders/defendants, following established procedures and protocols. Maintain paper and computerized records of test results. Maintain chain of custody of urinalysis testing materials.
- Respond to judicial officer's requests for information and advice. Testify in court as to the basis for
  factual findings and (if warranted) guideline applications. Serve as a resource to the court. Maintain
  detailed written records of case activity. May conduct surveillance and/or search and seizure at the
  direction of the court.

## Factor 1 - Required Competencies (Knowledge, Skills, and Abilities)

#### **Probation, Pretrial Services and Law Enforcement**

- Knowledge of the roles and functions of the federal probation and/or pretrial services offices, including knowledge of the legal requirements, practices and procedures used in probation, parole, and/or pretrial services. Knowledge of the roles, responsibilities, and relationships among the federal courts, U.S. Parole Commission, U.S. Marshals Service, Bureau of Prisons, U.S. Attorney's Office, Federal Public Defender's Office, and other organizations.
- Knowledge of how other judicial processes and procedures relate to the officer's roles and
  responsibilities. Knowledge of federal law and the criminal justice system particularly as it relates
  to federal probation and pretrial services, and parole policies and procedures. Knowledge of
  surrounding community and available community resources.
- Knowledge of investigative techniques and skill in investigating offenders'/defendants' backgrounds, activities, finances, and determining legitimacy of their income. Knowledge of the *Bail Reform Act.* Knowledge of negotiation and motivation techniques.
- Knowledge of sentencing guidelines, statutes, Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure and
  applicable case law. Knowledge of legal terminology. Ability to apply changes in the law as
  appropriate. Knowledge of techniques in supervising offenders/defendants. Skill in supervising
  offenders/defendants, risk assessment, and developing appropriate alternatives and sanctions to
  non-compliant behavior.
- Skill in conducting legal research related to varied complex and difficult legal issues while supervising offenders/defendants. Skill in analyzing and summarizing legal concepts and issues. Skill in legal reasoning and critical thinking. Skill in dealing with violent and/or difficult people. Skill in counseling offenders/defendants to maintain compliance to conditions of their release. Skill in evaluating and applying sentencing guidelines. Ability to discern deception and act accordingly. Ability to follow safety procedures.
- Ability to compile and summarize information (such as background checks and criminal histories) within established time-frames.
- Ability to organize, prioritize work schedule, work independently with little or no supervision, and to exercise discretion. Ability to work under pressure of short deadlines.

## **Judgment and Ethics**

• Knowledge of, and compliance with, the *Code of Conduct for Judicial Employees* and court confidentiality requirements. Ability to consistently demonstrate sound ethics and judgment.

## Written and Oral Communication/Interaction

Skill in communicating (orally and in writing) and working with judges, attorneys, other law
enforcement agencies, and correctional agencies. Ability to interact and communicate effectively
with people of diverse backgrounds, including law enforcement and collateral agency personnel at
different government levels, community service providers, and offenders/defendants. Ability to
interview and establish rapport with contacts at collateral agencies, offenders/defendants and their
families/support systems, and others for the purpose of supervision and investigation.

# **Information Technology and Automation**

 Skill in the use of automated equipment including mobile devices, word processing, spreadsheet, and database applications, and various other types of software. Ability to utilize computer software and automated systems to perform record checks, record urinalysis results, compile criminal history information, and similar activities. Ability to learn and adapt to changing technologies related to supervising offenders/defendants. Skill in interpreting and analyzing data from a variety of investigative databases.

# Factor 2 - Primary Job Focus and Scope

The primary focus of the job is to fulfill statutory requirements to conduct pretrial and pre-sentence investigations, supervise offenders/defendants, make recommendations to the court, evaluate needs

and conditions and maximize compliance for the purpose of ensuring community safety. A proper recommendation to the court maximizes the protection to the public. Society benefits from successful supervision and the use of detention alternatives by saving the costs of incarceration.

## Factor 3 - Complexity and Decision Making

The job involves making independent decisions within the context of professional standards, broad policies, and general goals. Probation/pretrial services officers at this level gather and analyze information to determine or recommend the best course of action.

## Factor 4A - Interactions with Judiciary Contacts

The primary judiciary contacts are other probation/pretrial services staff, judicial officers and staff of other court units for the purpose of conducting investigations, and maintaining accurate and up-to-date information in case files.

#### Factor 4B – Interactions with External Contacts

The primary external contacts are offenders/defendants and their families, other government agencies, U.S Attorney's Office, U.S. Marshals, Bureau of Prisons, Parole Commission, attorneys, public safety/law enforcement officials, treatment providers, victims, and other members of the community for the purpose of investigating offenders'/defendants' backgrounds, obtaining and verifying arrest information, drafting sentencing guidelines, and similar activities.

## Factor 5 – Work Environment and Physical Demands

Work is performed in an office setting and in the community and may be subject to variable hours, including nights and weekends. Work requires regular contact with people who have violent backgrounds. These contacts may be made in both generally controlled office settings as well as in field situations (such as uncontrolled and unsafe neighborhoods/environments where illegal activities and violence may occur). The duties of probation and pretrial services officers require the investigation and management of alleged criminal offenders or convicted offenders who present physical danger to officers and to the public. In the supervision, treatment, and control of these offenders, these duties require moderate to arduous physical exercise, including prolonged periods of walking and standing, physical dexterity and coordination necessary for officer safety, and use of self-defense tactics.

#### \*Occupational Group:

Operational Court Support Positions = **O**Administrative Court Support Positions = **A**Professional Administrative Positions = **PA**Professional Line Positions = **PL**